

# LegendreP2

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## Notations

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### Traditional name

Associated Legendre polynomial

### Traditional notation

$$P_n^\mu(z)$$

### Mathematica StandardForm notation

LegendreP[n, μ, 2, z]

## Primary definition

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05.07.02.0001.01

$$P_n^\mu(z) = \frac{(1+z)^{\mu/2}}{(1-z)^{\mu/2}} \sum_{k=0}^n \frac{(-n)_k (n+1)_k}{\Gamma(k-\mu+1) k!} \left(\frac{1-z}{2}\right)^k ; n \in \mathbb{N}$$

## Specific values

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### Specialized values

For fixed  $n, \mu$ 

05.07.03.0001.01

$$P_n^\mu(0) = \frac{2^\mu \sqrt{\pi}}{\Gamma\left(\frac{1-\mu-n}{2}\right) \Gamma\left(1 - \frac{\mu-n}{2}\right)}$$

05.07.03.0002.01

$$P_n^\mu(1) = 0 ; \operatorname{Re}(\mu) < 0 \vee \mu \in \mathbb{N}^+$$

05.07.03.0003.01

$$P_n^\mu(1) = \infty ; \operatorname{Re}(\mu) > 0 \wedge \mu \notin \mathbb{N}^+$$

05.07.03.0004.01

$$P_n^\mu(1) = i ; \operatorname{Re}(\mu) = 0 \wedge \mu \neq 0$$

05.07.03.0005.01

$$P_n^\mu(-1) = \infty ; n \notin \mathbb{Z}$$

For fixed  $n, z$

05.07.03.0006.01

$$P_n^0(z) = P_n(z)$$

05.07.03.0007.01

$$P_n^{-n-1}(z) = \frac{2^{n+1}}{\Gamma(n+1)} (1-z^2)^{-\frac{n+1}{2}} B_{\frac{1-z}{2}}(n+1, n+1)$$

05.07.03.0008.01

$$P_n^{-n}(z) = \frac{2^{-n}}{\Gamma(n+1)} (1-z^2)^{n/2}$$

05.07.03.0090.01

$$P_n^m(z) = (-1)^m (1-z^2)^{m/2} (2m-1)!! \sum_{i_1=0}^{n-m} \dots \sum_{i_{2m+1}=0}^{n-m} \delta_{\sum_{j=1}^{2m+1} i_j, n-m} \prod_{j=1}^{2m+1} P_{i_j}(z) ; m \in \mathbb{N} \wedge n \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge n \geq m$$

05.07.03.0091.01

$$P_n^{-m}(z) = \frac{(1-z^2)^{m/2} (2m-1)!!}{(n-m+1)_{2m}} \sum_{i_1=0}^{n-m} \dots \sum_{i_{2m+1}=0}^{n-m} \delta_{\sum_{j=1}^{2m+1} i_j, n-m} \prod_{j=1}^{2m+1} P_{i_j}(z) ; m \in \mathbb{N} \wedge n \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge n \geq m$$

**For fixed  $\mu, z$**

05.07.03.0009.01

$$P_0^\mu(z) = \frac{1}{\Gamma(1-\mu)} \frac{(1+z)^{\mu/2}}{(1-z)^{\mu/2}}$$

05.07.03.0010.01

$$P_1^\mu(z) = \frac{z-\mu}{\Gamma(2-\mu)} \frac{(1+z)^{\mu/2}}{(1-z)^{\mu/2}}$$

05.07.03.0011.01

$$P_2^\mu(z) = \frac{3z^2 - 3\mu z + \mu^2 - 1}{\Gamma(3-\mu)} \frac{(1+z)^{\mu/2}}{(1-z)^{\mu/2}}$$

05.07.03.0012.01

$$P_3^\mu(z) = \frac{15z^3 - 15\mu z^2 + 3(2\mu^2 - 3)z - \mu^3 + 4\mu}{\Gamma(4-\mu)} \frac{(1+z)^{\mu/2}}{(1-z)^{\mu/2}}$$

05.07.03.0013.01

$$P_4^\mu(z) = \frac{9 + 105z^4 - 105z^3\mu - 10\mu^2 + \mu^4 + 45z^2(\mu^2 - 2) + z(55\mu - 10\mu^3)}{\Gamma(5-\mu)} \frac{(1+z)^{\mu/2}}{(1-z)^{\mu/2}}$$

05.07.03.0014.01

$$P_5^\mu(z) = \frac{1}{\Gamma(6-\mu)} \frac{(-945z^5 + 64\mu + 945z^4\mu - 20\mu^3 + \mu^5 + 105z^2\mu(\mu^2 - 7) - 210z^3(2\mu^2 - 5) - 15z(15 - 13\mu^2 + \mu^4))}{(1-z)^{\mu/2}}$$

05.07.03.0015.01

$$P_6^\mu(z) = \frac{1}{\Gamma(7-\mu)} (10395z^6 - 10395\mu z^5 + 4725(\mu^2 - 3)z^4 - 630\mu(2\mu^2 - 17)z^3 + 105(2\mu^4 - 32\mu^2 + 45)z^2 - 21\mu(\mu^4 - 25\mu^2 + 99)z + (\mu - 5)(\mu - 3)(\mu - 1)(\mu + 1)(\mu + 3)(\mu + 5)) \frac{(1+z)^{\mu/2}}{(1-z)^{\mu/2}}$$

05.07.03.0016.01

$$P_7^\mu(z) = \frac{1}{\Gamma(8-\mu)} \left( 135\,135 z^7 - 135\,135 \mu z^6 + 31\,185 (2\mu^2 - 7) z^5 - 17\,325 \mu (\mu^2 - 10) z^4 + 1575 (2\mu^4 - 38\mu^2 + 63) z^3 - \right. \\ \left. 189 \mu (2\mu^4 - 60\mu^2 + 283) z^2 + 7 (4\mu^6 - 170\mu^4 + 1516\mu^2 - 1575) z - \mu (\mu^6 - 56\mu^4 + 784\mu^2 - 2304) \right) \frac{(1+z)^{\mu/2}}{(1-z)^{\mu/2}}$$

05.07.03.0017.01

$$P_8^\mu(z) = \frac{1}{\Gamma(9-\mu)} \left( 2\,027\,025 z^8 - 2\,027\,025 \mu z^7 + 945\,945 (\mu^2 - 4) z^6 - 135\,135 \mu (2\mu^2 - 23) z^5 + \right. \\ \left. 51\,975 (\mu^4 - 22\mu^2 + 42) z^4 - 3465 \mu (2\mu^4 - 70\mu^2 + 383) z^3 + 315 (2\mu^6 - 100\mu^4 + 1043\mu^2 - 1260) z^2 - \right. \\ \left. 9 \mu (4\mu^6 - 266\mu^4 + 4396\mu^2 - 15\,159) z + \mu^8 - 84\mu^6 + 1974\mu^4 - 12\,916\mu^2 + 11\,025 \right) \frac{(1+z)^{\mu/2}}{(1-z)^{\mu/2}}$$

05.07.03.0018.01

$$P_9^\mu(z) = \frac{1}{\Gamma(10-\mu)} \left( 34\,459\,425 z^9 - 34\,459\,425 \mu z^8 + 8\,108\,100 (2\mu^2 - 9) z^7 - 4\,729\,725 \mu (\mu^2 - 13) z^6 + 945\,945 (\mu^4 - 25\mu^2 + 54) z^5 - \right. \\ \left. 135\,135 \mu (\mu^4 - 40\mu^2 + 249) z^4 + 6930 (2\mu^6 - 115\mu^4 + 1373\mu^2 - 1890) z^3 - 495 \mu (2\mu^6 - 154\mu^4 + 2933\mu^2 - 11\,601) \right. \\ \left. z^2 + 45 (\mu^8 - 98\mu^6 + 2674\mu^4 - 20\,217\mu^2 + 19\,845) z - \mu (\mu^8 - 120\mu^6 + 4368\mu^4 - 52\,480\mu^2 + 147\,456) \right) \frac{(1+z)^{\mu/2}}{(1-z)^{\mu/2}}$$

05.07.03.0019.01

$$P_{10}^\mu(z) = \frac{1}{\Gamma(11-\mu)} \left( 654\,729\,075 z^{10} - 654\,729\,075 \mu z^9 + 310\,134\,825 (\mu^2 - 5) z^8 - \right. \\ \left. 45\,945\,900 \mu (2\mu^2 - 29) z^7 + 9\,459\,450 (2\mu^4 - 56\mu^2 + 135) z^6 - 2\,837\,835 \mu (\mu^4 - 45\mu^2 + 314) z^5 + \right. \\ \left. 315\,315 (\mu^6 - 65\mu^4 + 874\mu^2 - 1350) z^4 - 12\,870 \mu (2\mu^6 - 175\mu^4 + 3773\mu^2 - 16\,830) z^3 + \right. \\ \left. 1485 (\mu^8 - 112\mu^6 + 3479\mu^4 - 29\,828\mu^2 + 33\,075) z^2 - 55 \mu (\mu^8 - 138\mu^6 + 5754\mu^4 - 78\,877\mu^2 + 251\,865) z + \right. \\ \left. \mu^{10} - 165\mu^8 + 8778\mu^6 - 172\,810\mu^4 + 1\,057\,221\mu^2 - 893\,025 \right) \frac{(1+z)^{\mu/2}}{(1-z)^{\mu/2}}$$

05.07.03.0020.01

$$P_n^\mu(z) = \frac{(1+z)^{\mu/2}}{(1-z)^{\mu/2}} \sum_{k=0}^n \frac{(-n)_k (n+1)_k}{\Gamma(k-\mu+1) k!} \left( \frac{1-z}{2} \right)^k$$

05.07.03.0021.01

$$P_n^\mu(z) = \frac{\Gamma(-\mu) (z+1)^{\mu/2}}{\Gamma(-n-\mu) \Gamma(n-\mu+1) (1-z)^{\mu/2}} \sum_{k=0}^n \frac{(-n)_k (n+1)_k}{(\mu+1)_k k!} \left( \frac{z+1}{2} \right)^k$$

05.07.03.0022.01

$$P_n^\mu(z) = \frac{(-1)^n 2^{-n}}{n!} \frac{(1+z)^{\mu/2}}{(1-z)^{\mu/2-n}} \sum_{k=0}^n \frac{(2n-k)! (-n)_k}{k! \Gamma(n-k-\mu+1)} \left( \frac{2}{1-z} \right)^k$$

05.07.03.0023.01

$$P_n^m(z) = 0 \text{ ; } m \in \mathbb{N}^+ \wedge n < m$$

**For fixed z**

05.07.03.0024.01

$$P_0^0(z) = 1$$

05.07.03.0025.01

$$P_1^0(z) = z$$

05.07.03.0026.01

$$P_1^1(z) = -\sqrt{1-z^2}$$

05.07.03.0027.01

$$P_2^0(z) = \frac{1}{2}(3z^2 - 1)$$

05.07.03.0028.01

$$P_2^1(z) = -3z\sqrt{1-z^2}$$

05.07.03.0029.01

$$P_2^2(z) = 3 - 3z^2$$

05.07.03.0030.01

$$P_3^0(z) = \frac{1}{2}z(5z^2 - 3)$$

05.07.03.0031.01

$$P_3^1(z) = -\frac{3}{2}\sqrt{1-z^2}(5z^2 - 1)$$

05.07.03.0032.01

$$P_3^2(z) = -15(z-1)z(1+z)$$

05.07.03.0033.01

$$P_3^3(z) = -15(1-z^2)^{3/2}$$

05.07.03.0034.01

$$P_4^0(z) = \frac{1}{8}(3 - 30z^2 + 35z^4)$$

05.07.03.0035.01

$$P_4^1(z) = -\frac{5}{2}z\sqrt{1-z^2}(7z^2 - 3)$$

05.07.03.0036.01

$$P_4^2(z) = -\frac{15}{2}(z-1)(z+1)(7z^2 - 1)$$

05.07.03.0037.01

$$P_4^3(z) = -105z(1-z^2)^{3/2}$$

05.07.03.0038.01

$$P_4^4(z) = 105(z^2 - 1)^2$$

05.07.03.0039.01

$$P_5^0(z) = \frac{1}{8}z(15 - 70z^2 + 63z^4)$$

05.07.03.0040.01

$$P_5^1(z) = -\frac{15}{8} \sqrt{1-z^2} (21z^4 - 14z^2 + 1)$$

05.07.03.0041.01

$$P_5^2(z) = -\frac{105}{2} (z-1)z(z+1)(3z^2-1)$$

05.07.03.0042.01

$$P_5^3(z) = -\frac{105}{2} (1-z^2)^{3/2} (9z^2-1)$$

05.07.03.0043.01

$$P_5^4(z) = 945z(z^2-1)^2$$

05.07.03.0044.01

$$P_5^5(z) = -945(1-z^2)^{5/2}$$

05.07.03.0045.01

$$P_6^0(z) = \frac{1}{16} (231z^6 - 315z^4 + 105z^2 - 5)$$

05.07.03.0046.01

$$P_6^1(z) = -\frac{21}{8} z \sqrt{1-z^2} (33z^4 - 30z^2 + 5)$$

05.07.03.0047.01

$$P_6^2(z) = -\frac{105}{8} (z-1)(z+1)(33z^4 - 18z^2 + 1)$$

05.07.03.0048.01

$$P_6^3(z) = -\frac{315}{2} z(1-z^2)^{3/2} (11z^2-3)$$

05.07.03.0049.01

$$P_6^4(z) = \frac{945}{2} (z^2-1)^2 (11z^2-1)$$

05.07.03.0050.01

$$P_6^5(z) = -10395z(1-z^2)^{5/2}$$

05.07.03.0051.01

$$P_6^6(z) = 10395(1-z^2)^3$$

05.07.03.0052.01

$$P_7^0(z) = \frac{1}{16} z(429z^6 - 693z^4 + 315z^2 - 35)$$

05.07.03.0053.01

$$P_7^1(z) = -\frac{7}{16} \sqrt{1-z^2} (429z^6 - 495z^4 + 135z^2 - 5)$$

05.07.03.0054.01

$$P_7^2(z) = -\frac{63}{8} (z-1)z(z+1)(143z^4 - 110z^2 + 15)$$

05.07.03.0055.01

$$P_7^3(z) = -\frac{315}{8} (1 - z^2)^{3/2} (143 z^4 - 66 z^2 + 3)$$

05.07.03.0056.01

$$P_7^4(z) = \frac{3465}{2} z (z^2 - 1)^2 (13 z^2 - 3)$$

05.07.03.0057.01

$$P_7^5(z) = -\frac{10395}{2} (1 - z^2)^{5/2} (13 z^2 - 1)$$

05.07.03.0058.01

$$P_7^6(z) = 135\,135 z (1 - z^2)^3$$

05.07.03.0059.01

$$P_7^7(z) = -135\,135 (1 - z^2)^{7/2}$$

05.07.03.0060.01

$$P_8^0(z) = \frac{1}{128} (6435 z^8 - 12\,012 z^6 + 6930 z^4 - 1260 z^2 + 35)$$

05.07.03.0061.01

$$P_8^1(z) = -\frac{9}{16} z \sqrt{1 - z^2} (715 z^6 - 1001 z^4 + 385 z^2 - 35)$$

05.07.03.0062.01

$$P_8^2(z) = -\frac{315}{16} (z^2 - 1) (143 z^6 - 143 z^4 + 33 z^2 - 1)$$

05.07.03.0063.01

$$P_8^3(z) = -\frac{3465}{8} z (1 - z^2)^{3/2} (39 z^4 - 26 z^2 + 3)$$

05.07.03.0064.01

$$P_8^4(z) = \frac{10395}{8} (z^2 - 1)^2 (65 z^4 - 26 z^2 + 1)$$

05.07.03.0065.01

$$P_8^5(z) = -\frac{135\,135}{2} z (1 - z^2)^{5/2} (5 z^2 - 1)$$

05.07.03.0066.01

$$P_8^6(z) = -\frac{135\,135}{2} (z^2 - 1)^3 (15 z^2 - 1)$$

05.07.03.0067.01

$$P_8^7(z) = -2\,027\,025 z (1 - z^2)^{7/2}$$

05.07.03.0068.01

$$P_8^8(z) = 2\,027\,025 (z^2 - 1)^4$$

05.07.03.0069.01

$$P_9^0(z) = \frac{1}{128} z (12\,155 z^8 - 25\,740 z^6 + 18\,018 z^4 - 4\,620 z^2 + 315)$$

05.07.03.0070.01

$$P_9^1(z) = -\frac{45}{128} \sqrt{1-z^2} (2431 z^8 - 4004 z^6 + 2002 z^4 - 308 z^2 + 7)$$

05.07.03.0071.01

$$P_9^2(z) = -\frac{495}{16} (z-1) z (z+1) (221 z^6 - 273 z^4 + 91 z^2 - 7)$$

05.07.03.0072.01

$$P_9^3(z) = -\frac{3465}{16} (1-z^2)^{3/2} (221 z^6 - 195 z^4 + 39 z^2 - 1)$$

05.07.03.0073.01

$$P_9^4(z) = \frac{135\,135}{8} (z^2-1)^2 (17 z^5 - 10 z^3 + z)$$

05.07.03.0074.01

$$P_9^5(z) = -\frac{135\,135}{8} (1-z^2)^{5/2} (85 z^4 - 30 z^2 + 1)$$

05.07.03.0075.01

$$P_9^6(z) = -\frac{675\,675}{2} z (z^2-1)^3 (17 z^2 - 3)$$

05.07.03.0076.01

$$P_9^7(z) = -\frac{2\,027\,025}{2} (1-z^2)^{7/2} (17 z^2 - 1)$$

05.07.03.0077.01

$$P_9^8(z) = 34\,459\,425 z (z^2-1)^4$$

05.07.03.0078.01

$$P_9^9(z) = -34\,459\,425 (1-z^2)^{9/2}$$

05.07.03.0079.01

$$P_{10}^0(z) = \frac{1}{256} (46\,189 z^{10} - 109\,395 z^8 + 90\,090 z^6 - 30\,030 z^4 + 3465 z^2 - 63)$$

05.07.03.0080.01

$$P_{10}^1(z) = -\frac{55}{128} z \sqrt{1-z^2} (4199 z^8 - 7956 z^6 + 4914 z^4 - 1092 z^2 + 63)$$

05.07.03.0081.01

$$P_{10}^2(z) = -\frac{495}{128} (z^2-1) (4199 z^8 - 6188 z^6 + 2730 z^4 - 364 z^2 + 7)$$

05.07.03.0082.01

$$P_{10}^3(z) = -\frac{6435}{16} z (1-z^2)^{3/2} (323 z^6 - 357 z^4 + 105 z^2 - 7)$$

05.07.03.0083.01

$$P_{10}^4(z) = \frac{45\,045}{16} (z^2-1)^2 (323 z^6 - 255 z^4 + 45 z^2 - 1)$$

05.07.03.0084.01

$$P_{10}^5(z) = -\frac{135\,135}{8} z (1 - z^2)^{5/2} (323 z^4 - 170 z^2 + 15)$$

05.07.03.0085.01

$$P_{10}^6(z) = -\frac{675\,675}{8} (z^2 - 1)^3 (323 z^4 - 102 z^2 + 3)$$

05.07.03.0086.01

$$P_{10}^7(z) = -\frac{11\,486\,475}{2} z (1 - z^2)^{7/2} (19 z^2 - 3)$$

05.07.03.0087.01

$$P_{10}^8(z) = \frac{34\,459\,425}{2} (z^2 - 1)^4 (19 z^2 - 1)$$

05.07.03.0088.01

$$P_{10}^9(z) = -654\,729\,075 z (1 - z^2)^{9/2}$$

05.07.03.0089.01

$$P_{10}^{10}(z) = 654\,729\,075 (1 - z^2)^5$$

## General characteristics

### Domain and analyticity

The function  $P_n^\mu(z)$  is defined over  $\mathbb{N} \otimes \mathbb{C} \otimes \{2\} \otimes \mathbb{C}$ . For fixed  $n, \lambda$ , the function  $P_n^\mu(z)$  is a polynomial in  $z$  of degree  $n$  multiplied on function  $\frac{(1+z)^{\mu/2}}{(1-z)^{\mu/2}}$ .

05.07.04.0001.01

$$(n * \mu * 2 * z) \rightarrow P_n^\mu(z) :: (\mathbb{N} \otimes \mathbb{C} \otimes \{2\} \otimes \mathbb{C}) \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$$

### Symmetries and periodicities

#### Mirror symmetry

05.07.04.0002.01

$$P_n^\mu(\bar{z}) = \overline{P_n^\mu(z)}$$

#### Periodicity

No periodicity

### Poles and essential singularities

#### With respect to $z$

For fixed  $n, \mu$ ;  $\frac{\mu}{2} \notin \mathbb{Z}$ , the function  $P_n^\mu(z)$  does not have poles and essential singularities.

05.07.04.0003.01

$$Sing_z(P_n^\mu(z)) = \{ \} ; \frac{\mu}{2} \notin \mathbb{Z}$$

For integer  $n$  and integer  $\frac{\mu}{2}$ , the function  $P_n^\mu(z)$  is polynomial and has pole of order  $n$  at  $z = \infty$ .

05.07.04.0004.01

$$\text{Sing}_z(P_n^\mu(z)) = \{\{\infty, n\}\} /; \frac{\mu}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$$

**With respect to  $\mu$**

For fixed  $n, z$ , the function  $P_n^\mu(z)$  has only one singular point at  $\mu = \infty$ . It is an essential singular point.

05.07.04.0005.01

$$\text{Sing}_\mu(P_n^\mu(z)) = \{\{\infty, \infty\}\}$$

## Branch points

**With respect to  $z$**

For fixed  $n$  and integers  $\frac{\mu}{2}$ , the function  $P_n^\mu(z)$  does not have branch points.

05.07.04.0006.01

$$\mathcal{BP}_z(P_n^\mu(z)) = \{\} /; \frac{\mu}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$$

**With respect to  $\mu$**

For fixed  $n, z$ , the function  $P_n^\mu(z)$  does not have branch points.

05.07.04.0007.01

$$\mathcal{BP}_\mu(P_n^\mu(z)) = \{\}$$

## Branch cuts

**With respect to  $z$**

For fixed generic  $n, \mu /; \frac{\mu}{2} \notin \mathbb{Z}$ , the function  $P_n^\mu(z)$  is a single-valued function on the  $z$ -plane cut along the intervals  $(-\infty, -1)$  and  $(1, \infty)$ . The function  $P_n^\mu(z)$  is continuous from above on the interval  $(-\infty, -1]$  and from below on the interval  $[1, \infty)$ .

05.07.04.0008.01

$$\mathcal{BC}_z(P_n^\mu(z)) = \{(-\infty, -1), -i\}, \{(1, \infty), i\} /; \frac{\mu}{2} \notin \mathbb{Z}$$

05.07.04.0009.01

$$\lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow +0} P_n^\mu(x + i\epsilon) = P_n^\mu(x) /; x < -1$$

05.07.04.0010.01

$$\lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow +0} P_n^\mu(x - i\epsilon) = e^{i\pi\mu} \left( \frac{2i\pi}{\Gamma(-\mu - n)\Gamma(n - \mu + 1)} P_n^{-\mu}(-x) + P_n^\mu(x) \right) /; x < -1$$

05.07.04.0011.01

$$\lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow +0} P_n^\mu(x + i\epsilon) = e^{i\pi\mu} P_n^\mu(x) /; x > 1$$

05.07.04.0012.01

$$\lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow +0} P_n^\mu(x - i\epsilon) = P_n^\mu(x) \quad ; \quad x > 1$$

For fixed integers  $\frac{\mu}{2}$ , the function  $P_n^\mu(z)$  is a polynomial and does not have branch cuts.

05.07.04.0013.01

$$\mathcal{BC}_z(P_n^\mu(z)) = \{ \} \quad ; \quad \frac{\mu}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$$

**With respect to  $\mu$**

For fixed  $n, z$ , the function  $P_n^\mu(z)$  does not have branch cuts.

05.07.04.0014.01

$$\mathcal{BC}_\mu(P_n^\mu(z)) = \{ \}$$

## Series representations

### Generalized power series

**Expansions at  $z = 0$**

05.07.06.0001.01

$$P_n^\mu(z) = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \sum_{m=0}^{\infty} \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-n)_k (n+1)_k \left(\frac{\mu}{2} - k\right)_m \left(-\frac{\mu}{2}\right)_j (-1)^j z^{j+m}}{\Gamma(k - \mu + 1) k! m! j! 2^k}$$

05.07.06.0002.01

$$P_n^\mu(z) = \frac{\mu}{2} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \sum_{m=0}^{\infty} \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-n)_k (n+1)_k \left(\frac{\mu}{2} + 1\right)_m \left(1 - \frac{\mu}{2}\right)_k \left(-\frac{\mu}{2}\right)_j (-1)^{j+k} z^{j+k+m+1}}{(2)_{k+m} \Gamma(k - \mu + 1) k! j! 2^k} +$$

$$\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \sum_{m=0}^{\infty} \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-n)_{k+m} (n+1)_{k+m} \left(m - \frac{\mu}{2} + 1\right)_k \left(-\frac{\mu}{2}\right)_j (-z)^{j+k}}{\Gamma(k + m - \mu + 1) (k+m)! k! j! 2^{k+m}}$$

05.07.06.0003.01

$$P_n^\mu(z) = \frac{\mu z}{2} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} (k+1)! \left(\frac{\mu}{2} + 1\right)_k z^k {}_1F_0\left(-\frac{\mu}{2}; ; -z\right) {}_3\tilde{F}_2\left(-n, n+1, 1 - \frac{\mu}{2}; k+2, 1 - \mu; -\frac{z}{2}\right) +$$

$$\Gamma\left(1 - \frac{\mu}{2}\right) \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \left(-\frac{\mu}{2}\right)_k (-z)^k {}_2\tilde{F}_{2 \times 1 \times 0}^{3 \times 1 \times 0}\left(-n, n+1, 1 - \frac{\mu}{2}; 1; ; \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{z}{2}\right)$$

05.07.06.0004.01

$$P_n^\mu(z) \propto \frac{2^\mu \sqrt{\pi}}{\Gamma\left(\frac{1-\mu-n}{2}\right) \Gamma\left(1 - \frac{\mu-n}{2}\right)} (1 + O(z)) \quad ; \quad (z \rightarrow 0)$$

05.07.06.0005.01

$$P_n^\mu(z) = (-1)^m (1 - z^2)^{m/2} 2^{-n} \sum_{k=0}^{\lfloor \frac{n}{2} \rfloor} (-1)^k \binom{n}{k} \binom{2n-2k}{n} (n-m-2k+1)_m z^{n-m-2k} \quad ; \quad m \in \mathbb{N}$$

05.07.06.0006.01

$$P_n^\mu(z) \propto (-1)^{m+\lfloor \frac{n-m}{2} \rfloor} 2^{-n} \binom{n}{\lfloor \frac{n-m}{2} \rfloor} \binom{2n-2\lfloor \frac{n-m}{2} \rfloor}{n} \binom{n-m-2\lfloor \frac{n-m}{2} \rfloor + 1}{m} z^{n-m-2\lfloor \frac{n-m}{2} \rfloor} (1 + O(z)); (z \rightarrow 0) \wedge m \in \mathbb{N} \wedge n \geq m$$

**Expansions at  $z = 1$**

05.07.06.0007.01

$$P_n^\mu(z) = \frac{(1+z)^{\mu/2}}{(1-z)^{\mu/2}} \left( \frac{1}{\Gamma(1-\mu)} - \frac{(-n)(n+1)(z-1)}{2\Gamma(2-\mu)} + \frac{(-n)(1-n)(n+1)(n+2)(z-1)^2}{8\Gamma(3-\mu)} - \dots \right)$$

05.07.06.0008.01

$$P_n^\mu(z) = \frac{(1+z)^{\mu/2}}{(1-z)^{\mu/2}} \sum_{k=0}^n \frac{(-n)_k (n+1)_k}{\Gamma(k-\mu+1) k!} \left( \frac{1-z}{2} \right)^k$$

05.07.06.0009.01

$$P_n^\mu(z) = \frac{(1+z)^{\mu/2}}{(1-z)^{\mu/2}} {}_2\tilde{F}_1\left(-n, n+1; 1-\mu; \frac{1-z}{2}\right)$$

05.07.06.0010.01

$$P_n^\mu(z) = \frac{2^{\mu/2}}{(1-z)^{\mu/2}} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \sum_{j=0}^k \frac{(-1)^k \left(-\frac{\mu}{2}\right)_{k-j} (-n)_j (n+1)_j (z-1)^k}{\Gamma(j-\mu+1) (k-j)! j! 2^k}$$

05.07.06.0011.01

$$P_n^\mu(z) \propto \frac{2^{\mu/2}}{\Gamma(1-\mu)} (1-z)^{-\mu/2} (1 + O(z-1)); (z \rightarrow 1) \wedge \mu \notin \mathbb{N}^+$$

05.07.06.0012.01

$$P_n^\mu(z) = (1-z^2)^{m/2} 2^{-m} (-n)_m (n+1)_m \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(m-n)_k (m+n+1)_k}{\Gamma(k+m+1) k!} \left( \frac{1-z}{2} \right)^k; m \in \mathbb{N}$$

05.07.06.0013.01

$$P_n^\mu(z) = \frac{(1+z)^{\mu/2}}{(1-z)^{\mu/2}} \sum_{k=0}^n \frac{(-n)_k (n+1)_k}{\Gamma(k-\mu+1) k!} \left( \frac{1-z}{2} \right)^k$$

**Expansions at  $z = -1$**

05.07.06.0014.01

$$P_n^\mu(z) = \frac{2^{-\mu/2} \Gamma(-\mu) (z+1)^{\mu/2}}{\Gamma(-\mu-n) \Gamma(1-\mu+n)} \left( 1 + \frac{\mu(1+\mu) - 2n(1+n)}{4(1+\mu)} (z+1) + \frac{\mu(1+\mu)(2+\mu)^2 - 4(2+\mu)(2+\mu)n - 4(1+\mu)^2 n^2 + 8n^3 + 4n^4}{32(1+\mu)(2+\mu)} (z+1)^2 + \dots \right); \mu \notin \mathbb{Z}$$

05.07.06.0015.01

$$P_n^\mu(z) = \frac{\Gamma(-\mu)}{\Gamma(-\mu-n) \Gamma(n-\mu+1)} \frac{(1+z)^{\mu/2}}{(1-z)^{\mu/2}} \sum_{k=0}^n \frac{(-n)_k (n+1)_k}{(\mu+1)_k k!} \left( \frac{z+1}{2} \right)^k; \mu \notin \mathbb{Z}$$

05.07.06.0016.01

$$P_n^\mu(z) = \frac{\Gamma(-\mu)}{\Gamma(-\mu-n) \Gamma(n-\mu+1)} \frac{(1+z)^{\mu/2}}{(1-z)^{\mu/2}} {}_2F_1\left(-n, n+1; \mu+1; \frac{z+1}{2}\right); \mu \notin \mathbb{Z}$$

05.07.06.0017.01

$$P_n^\mu(z) = \frac{\Gamma(-\mu) 2^{-\frac{\mu}{2}}}{\Gamma(-\mu-n)\Gamma(n-\mu+1)} (z+1)^{\mu/2} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \sum_{j=0}^k \frac{\left(\frac{\mu}{2}\right)_{k-j} (-n)_j (n+1)_j 2^{-k} (z+1)^k}{(\mu+1)_j j! (k-j)!} ; \mu \notin \mathbb{Z}$$

05.07.06.0018.01

$$P_n^\mu(z) \propto \frac{2^{-\mu/2} \Gamma(-\mu)}{\Gamma(-\mu-n)\Gamma(n-\mu+1)} (z+1)^{\mu/2} (1 + O(z+1)) ; (z \rightarrow -1) \wedge \mu \notin \mathbb{Z}$$

**Expansions at  $z = \infty$**

05.07.06.0019.01

$$P_n^\mu(z) = \frac{(-1)^n 2^{-n}}{n!} \frac{(1+z)^{\mu/2}}{(1-z)^{\mu/2-n}} \sum_{k=0}^n \frac{(2n-k)! (-n)_k}{k! \Gamma(n-k-\mu+1)} \left(\frac{2}{1-z}\right)^k$$

05.07.06.0020.01

$$P_n^\mu(z) \propto \frac{2^n \Gamma\left(n + \frac{1}{2}\right) z^{n+\frac{\mu}{2}}}{\sqrt{\pi} \Gamma(n-\mu+1) (1-z)^{\mu/2}} \left(1 + O\left(\frac{1}{z}\right)\right) ; (|z| \rightarrow \infty)$$

**Integral representations**

**On the real axis**

**Of the direct function**

05.07.07.0001.01

$$P_n^\mu(z) = \frac{(-1)^{-n} 2^{\mu-2n}}{\Gamma(-\mu-n)n!} \frac{(1+z)^{\mu/2}}{(1-z)^{\mu/2-n}} \int_{-1}^1 \frac{(t-1)^n}{(t+1)^{\mu+n+1}} \left(t - \frac{z+3}{z-1}\right)^n dt ; n < -\text{Re}(\mu)$$

05.07.07.0002.01

$$P_n^m(z) = \frac{(-n)_m}{\pi} e^{\frac{m\pi i}{2}} \int_0^\pi \frac{\cos(mt)}{\left(z + \sqrt{z^2-1} \cos(t)\right)^{n+1}} dt ; m \in \mathbb{N} \wedge \text{Re}(z) > 0$$

05.07.07.0003.01

$$P_n^\mu(z) = \frac{1}{\Gamma(-\mu)} (1-z^2)^{\mu/2} \int_z^1 P_n(t) (t-z)^{-\mu-1} dt ; \text{Re}(\mu) < 0$$

**Integral representations of negative integer order**

Rodrigues-type formula.

05.07.07.0004.01

$$P_n^m(z) = (-1)^m (1-z^2)^{m/2} \frac{\partial^m P_n(z)}{\partial z^m} ; m \in \mathbb{N}$$

05.07.07.0005.01

$$P_n^m(z) = \frac{(-1)^{m+n} (1-z^2)^{m/2}}{2^n n!} \frac{\partial^{m+n} (1-z^2)^n}{\partial z^{m+n}} ; m \in \mathbb{N}$$

## Differential equations

### Ordinary linear differential equations and wronskians

#### For the direct function itself

05.07.13.0001.01

$$(1 - z^2) w''(z) - 2z w'(z) + \left( n(n+1) - \frac{\mu^2}{1 - z^2} \right) w(z) = 0 /; w(z) = c_1 P_n^\mu(z) + c_2 Q_n^\mu(z)$$

05.07.13.0002.02

$$W_z(P_n^\mu(z), Q_n^\mu(z)) = \frac{\Gamma(n + \mu + 1)}{(1 - z^2) \Gamma(n - \mu + 1)}$$

05.07.13.0003.01

$$g'(z) w''(z) - \left( \frac{2g(z)g'(z)^2}{1 - g(z)^2} + g''(z) \right) w'(z) - \frac{(\mu^2 - n(n+1)(1 - g(z)^2))g'(z)^3}{(1 - g(z)^2)^2} w(z) = 0 /; w(z) = c_1 P_n^\mu(g(z)) + c_2 Q_n^\mu(g(z))$$

05.07.13.0004.01

$$W_z(P_n^\mu(g(z)), Q_n^\mu(g(z))) = \frac{\Gamma(\mu + n + 1)g'(z)}{(1 - g(z)^2) \Gamma(1 - \mu + n)}$$

05.07.13.0005.01

$$g'(z)h(z)^2 w''(z) - \left( \left( \frac{2g(z)g'(z)^2}{1 - g(z)^2} + g''(z) \right) h(z)^2 + 2g'(z)h'(z)h(z) \right) w'(z) + \left( -\frac{\mu^2 - n(n+1)(1 - g(z)^2)}{(1 - g(z)^2)^2} h(z)^2 g'(z)^3 + 2h'(z)^2 g'(z) + h(z) \left( h'(z) \left( \frac{2g(z)g'(z)^2}{1 - g(z)^2} + g''(z) \right) - g'(z)h''(z) \right) \right) w(z) = 0 /; w(z) = c_1 h(z) P_n^\mu(g(z)) + c_2 h(z) Q_n^\mu(g(z))$$

05.07.13.0006.01

$$W_z(h(z) P_n^\mu(g(z)), h(z) Q_n^\mu(g(z))) = \frac{\Gamma(\mu + n + 1)h(z)^2 g'(z)}{(1 - g(z)^2) \Gamma(1 - \mu + n)}$$

05.07.13.0007.01

$$z^2 w''(z) - z \left( 2s + \frac{r(a^2 z^{2r} + 1)}{1 - a^2 z^{2r}} - 1 \right) w'(z) + \left( -\frac{a^2 r^2 (\mu^2 + (a^2 z^{2r} - 1)n(n+1))z^{2r}}{(1 - a^2 z^{2r})^2} + s^2 + \frac{rs(a^2 z^{2r} + 1)}{1 - a^2 z^{2r}} \right) w(z) = 0 /; w(z) = c_1 z^s P_n^\mu(a z^r) + c_2 z^s Q_n^\mu(a z^r)$$

05.07.13.0008.01

$$W_z(z^s P_n^\mu(a z^r), z^s Q_n^\mu(a z^r)) = \frac{a r z^{r+2s-1} \Gamma(\mu + n + 1)}{(1 - a^2 z^{2r}) \Gamma(-\mu + n + 1)}$$

05.07.13.0009.01

$$w''(z) - \frac{a^2 (\log(r) - 2 \log(s)) r^{2z} + \log(r) + 2 \log(s)}{1 - a^2 r^{2z}} w'(z) + \left( -\frac{a^2 (\mu^2 - (1 - a^2 r^{2z}) n (n + 1)) \log^2(r) r^{2z}}{(1 - a^2 r^{2z})^2} + \log^2(s) + \frac{(a^2 r^{2z} + 1) \log(r) \log(s)}{1 - a^2 r^{2z}} \right) w(z) = 0$$

0 /;  $w(z) = c_1 s^z P_n^\mu(a r^z) + c_2 s^z Q_n^\mu(a r^z)$

05.07.13.0010.01

$$W_z(s^z P_n^\mu(a r^z), s^z Q_n^\mu(a r^z)) = \frac{a r^z s^{2z} \Gamma(\mu + n + 1) \log(r)}{(1 - a^2 r^{2z}) \Gamma(-\mu + n + 1)}$$

## Transformations

### Transformations and argument simplifications

#### Argument involving basic arithmetic operations

05.07.16.0001.01

$$P_n^{-m}(z) = \frac{(-1)^m (n - m)!}{(m + n)!} P_n^m(z) \text{ ; } m \in \mathbb{Z}$$

05.07.16.0002.01

$$P_n^\mu(-z) = -\frac{\pi \csc(\pi \mu) P_n^{-\mu}(z)}{\Gamma(-n - \mu) \Gamma(n - \mu + 1)}$$

## Identities

### Recurrence identities

#### Consecutive neighbors

05.07.17.0001.01

$$P_n^\mu(z) = \frac{(2n + 3)z}{\mu + n + 1} P_{n+1}^\mu(z) + \frac{\mu - n - 2}{n + \mu + 1} P_{n+2}^\mu(z)$$

05.07.17.0002.01

$$P_n^\mu(z) = \frac{(2n - 1)z}{n - \mu} P_{n-1}^\mu(z) - \frac{\mu + n - 1}{n - \mu} P_{n-2}^\mu(z)$$

05.07.17.0003.01

$$P_n^\mu(z) = \frac{2z(1 + \mu)}{(\mu(1 + \mu) - n(1 + n)) \sqrt{1 - z^2}} P_n^{\mu+1}(z) + \frac{1}{\mu(\mu + 1) - n(n + 1)} P_n^{\mu+2}(z)$$

05.07.17.0004.01

$$P_n^\mu(z) = \frac{2(1 - \mu)z}{\sqrt{1 - z^2}} P_n^{\mu-1}(z) + ((\mu - 1)(\mu - 2) - n(n + 1)) P_n^{\mu-2}(z)$$

#### Distant neighbors

05.07.17.0011.01

$$P_n^\mu(z) = C_m(n, \mu, z) P_{n+m}^\mu(z) + \frac{\mu - n - m - 1}{m + \mu + n} C_{m-1}(n, \mu, z) P_{n+m+1}^\mu(z) /; C_0(n, \mu, z) = 1 \bigwedge$$

$$C_1(n, \mu, z) = \frac{(2n+3)z}{\mu+n+1} \bigwedge C_m(n, \mu, z) = \frac{z(2m+2n+1)}{m+\mu+n} C_{m-1}(n, \mu, z) + \frac{\mu-n-m}{m+\mu+n-1} C_{m-2}(n, \mu, z) \bigwedge m \in \mathbb{N}^+$$

05.07.17.0012.01

$$P_n^\mu(z) = C_m(n, \mu, z) P_{n-m}^\mu(z) - \frac{\mu+n-m}{n-\mu-m+1} C_{m-1}(n, \mu, z) P_{n-m-1}^\mu(z) /; C_0(n, \mu, z) = 1 \bigwedge$$

$$C_1(n, \mu, z) = \frac{(2n-1)z}{n-\mu} \bigwedge C_m(n, \mu, z) = \frac{z(2m-2n-1)}{m+\mu-n-1} C_{m-1}(n, \mu, z) - \frac{\mu+n-m+1}{n-\mu-m+2} C_{m-2}(n, \mu, z) \bigwedge m \in \mathbb{N}^+$$

05.07.17.0013.01

$$P_n^\mu(z) = C_m(n, \mu, z) P_n^{\mu+m}(z) + \frac{1}{(m+\mu-1)(m+\mu)-n(n+1)} C_{m-1}(n, \mu, z) P_n^{\mu+m+1}(z) /;$$

$$C_0(n, \mu, z) = 1 \bigwedge C_1(n, \mu, z) = \frac{2(\mu+1)z}{(\mu(\mu+1)-n(1+n))\sqrt{1-z^2}} \bigwedge C_m(n, \mu, z) =$$

$$\frac{2z(m+\mu)}{\sqrt{1-z^2}((m-1+\mu)(m+\mu)-n(1+n))} C_{m-1}(n, \mu, z) + \frac{1}{(m-2+\mu)(m-1+\mu)-n(1+n)} C_{m-2}(n, \mu, z) \bigwedge m \in \mathbb{N}^+$$

05.07.17.0014.01

$$P_n^\mu(z) = C_m(n, \mu, z) P_n^{\mu-m}(z) + ((\mu-m-1)(\mu-m)-n(n+1)) C_{m-1}(n, \mu, z) P_n^{\mu-m-1}(z) /;$$

$$C_0(n, \mu, z) = 1 \bigwedge C_1(n, \mu, z) = \frac{2(1-\mu)z}{\sqrt{1-z^2}} \bigwedge$$

$$C_m(n, \mu, z) = \frac{2z(m-\mu)}{\sqrt{1-z^2}} C_{m-1}(n, \mu, z) + ((\mu-m)(\mu-m+1)-n(n+1)) C_{m-2}(n, \mu, z) \bigwedge m \in \mathbb{N}^+$$

## Functional identities

### Relations between contiguous functions

05.07.17.0005.01

$$(\mu+n) P_{n-1}^\mu(z) + (n-\mu+1) P_{n+1}^\mu(z) = (2n+1) z P_n^\mu(z)$$

05.07.17.0006.01

$$P_n^\mu(z) = \frac{(\mu+n) P_{n-1}^\mu(z) + (n-\mu+1) P_{n+1}^\mu(z)}{(2n+1)z}$$

05.07.17.0007.01

$$P_n^{\mu+1}(z) - (\mu(\mu-1)-n(n+1)) P_n^{\mu-1}(z) + \frac{2\mu z}{\sqrt{1-z^2}} P_n^\mu(z) = 0$$

### Expansion with respect to parameters

05.07.17.0009.01

$$P_{n_1}^{\mu_1}(z) P_{n_2}^{\mu_2}(z) = (-1)^{\mu_1} \sqrt{\frac{(n_1 + \mu_1)! (n_2 + \mu_2)!}{(n_1 - \mu_1)! (n_2 - \mu_2)!}} \sum_{k=|n_1-n_2|}^{n_1+n_2} \text{If}[k \geq |\mu_1 - \mu_2| \wedge \text{EvenQ}[k + n_1 + n_2],$$

$$(-1)^{\mu_2 - \mu_1} (2k + 1) \begin{pmatrix} n_1 & n_2 & k \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} n_1 & n_2 & k \\ -\mu_1 & \mu_2 & \mu_1 - \mu_2 \end{pmatrix} \sqrt{\frac{(k + \mu_1 - \mu_2)!}{(k - \mu_1 + \mu_2)!}} P_k^{\mu_2 - \mu_1}(z), 0] /; \mu_1 \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge \mu_2 \in \mathbb{Z}$$

05.07.17.0010.01

$$P_n^m(\cos(\beta)) = (-1)^m \left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^n \sum_{k=0}^{n-m} \binom{m+n}{k} \left(-\frac{b}{a}\right)^{n-k} P_{n-k}^m(\cos(\gamma)) /; n \in \mathbb{N} \wedge m \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge -n \leq m \leq n \wedge$$

$$0 \leq \beta \leq \pi \wedge 0 \leq \gamma \leq \pi \wedge \alpha = -\beta - \gamma + \pi \wedge \beta + \gamma \leq \pi \wedge a \in \mathbb{R} \wedge a > 0 \wedge b = a \frac{\sin(\beta)}{\sin(\alpha)} \wedge c = a \frac{\sin(\gamma)}{\sin(\alpha)}$$

The conditions on  $\beta$ ,  $\gamma$ ,  $a$ ,  $b$ , and  $c$  allow an interpretation of  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$ , and  $\gamma$  as angles of a triangle and  $a$ ,  $b$ , and  $c$  are the length of the opposite sides.

**Additional relations between contiguous functions**

05.07.17.0008.01

$$P_n^{\mu+1}(z) P_{n_1}^{\mu_1+1}(z) - P_{n-1}^{\mu+1}(z) P_{n_1-1}^{\mu_1+1}(z) + (n - \mu) (n_1 - \mu_1) P_n^{\mu}(z) P_{n_1}^{\mu_1}(z) - (\mu + n) (\mu_1 + n_1) P_{n-1}^{\mu}(z) P_{n_1-1}^{\mu_1}(z) = 0$$

**Differentiation**

**Low-order differentiation**

**With respect to  $\mu$**

05.07.20.0001.01

$$\frac{\partial P_n^{\mu}(z)}{\partial \mu} = \frac{(1+z)^{\mu/2}}{(1-z)^{\mu/2}} \sum_{k=0}^n \frac{(-n)_k (n+1)_k}{\Gamma(k-\mu+1) k!} \psi(k-\mu+1) \left(\frac{1-z}{2}\right)^k + \frac{1}{2} (\log(1+z) - \log(1-z)) P_n^{\mu}(z) /; \left|\frac{1-z}{2}\right| < 1 \wedge \mu \notin \mathbb{N}^+$$

05.07.20.0002.01

$$\frac{\partial P_n^{\mu}(z)}{\partial \mu} = \left( \psi(1-\mu) - \frac{1}{2} (\log(1-z) - \log(1+z)) \right) P_n^{\mu}(z) -$$

$$\frac{n(n+1)}{2(1-\mu)\Gamma(2-\mu)} \frac{(1+z)^{\mu/2}}{(1-z)^{\mu/2-1}} F_{2 \times 0 \times 1}^{2 \times 1 \times 2} \left( \begin{matrix} 1-n, n+2; 1, 1, 1-\mu; \\ 2, 2-\mu; 2-\mu; \end{matrix} \frac{1-z}{2}, \frac{1-z}{2} \right)$$

05.07.20.0003.01

$$\frac{\partial^2 P_n^{\mu}(z)}{\partial \mu^2} = \frac{(1+z)^{\mu/2}}{(1-z)^{\mu/2}} \sum_{k=0}^n \frac{(-n)_k (n+1)_k}{k! \Gamma(k-\mu+1)} \left(\frac{1-z}{2}\right)^k (\psi(k-\mu+1)^2 + (\log(1+z) - \log(1-z)) \psi(k-\mu+1) - \psi^{(1)}(k-\mu+1)) +$$

$$\frac{1}{4} (\log(1+z) - \log(1-z))^2 P_n^{\mu}(z) /; \left|\frac{1-z}{2}\right| < 1 \wedge \mu \notin \mathbb{N}^+$$

**With respect to  $z$**

05.07.20.0004.01

$$\frac{\partial P_n^{\mu}(z)}{\partial z} = \frac{1}{z^2 - 1} (z n P_n^{\mu}(z) - (\mu + n) P_{n-1}^{\mu}(z))$$

05.07.20.0005.01

$$\frac{\partial^2 P_n^\mu(z)}{\partial z^2} = \frac{2z(\mu+n)P_{n-1}^\mu(z) + (\mu^2 + ((n-1)z^2 - n - 1)n)P_n^\mu(z)}{(z^2 - 1)^2}$$

### Symbolic differentiation

With respect to z

05.07.20.0006.02

$$\frac{\partial^m P_n^\mu(z)}{\partial z^m} = \frac{(-1)^m (1+z)^{\mu/2}}{(1-z)^{\mu/2+m}} \Gamma\left(\frac{\mu}{2} + 1\right)$$

$$\sum_{j=0}^m \binom{m}{j} {}_2\tilde{F}_1\left(-j, \frac{\mu}{2}; \frac{\mu}{2} - j + 1; \frac{z+1}{z-1}\right) {}_3\tilde{F}_2\left(1, -n, n+1; j-m+1, 1-\mu; \frac{1-z}{2}\right) \left(\frac{z-1}{z+1}\right)^j /; m \in \mathbb{N}$$

05.07.20.0008.01

$$\frac{\partial^m P_n^\mu(z)}{\partial z^m} = \frac{\Gamma(1 - \frac{\mu}{2})\Gamma(\mu + n + 1)}{\Gamma(1 - \mu + n)} \sum_{k=0}^m \sum_{j=0}^k \frac{(-1)^j 2^{2j-k} k! \binom{m}{k} \Gamma(1 - k + m - \mu + n)}{(k-j)!(2j-k)!\Gamma(1 - j - \frac{\mu}{2})\Gamma(k - m + \mu + n + 1)} z^{2j-k} (1-z^2)^{\frac{1}{2}(k-2j-m)} P_n^{k-m+\mu}(z) /;$$

$m \in \mathbb{N}$

05.07.20.0009.01

$$\frac{\partial^m P_n^\mu(z)}{\partial z^m} = \sqrt{\pi} \sum_{k=0}^m (-1)^{m-k} z^{-k} (1-z^2)^{\frac{k-m}{2}} \binom{m}{k} (-\mu-n)_{m-k} {}_3\tilde{F}_2\left(1, -k, \frac{\mu}{2}; \frac{1-k}{2}, 1 - \frac{k}{2}; \frac{z^2}{z^2-1}\right) (1-\mu+n)_{m-k} P_n^{k-m+\mu}(z) /;$$

$m \in \mathbb{N}$

### Fractional integro-differentiation

With respect to z

05.07.20.0007.01

$$\frac{\partial^\alpha P_n^\mu(z)}{\partial z^\alpha} = \frac{\mu}{2} z^{1-\alpha} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} (k+1)! \left(\frac{\mu}{2} + 1\right)_k z^k \tilde{F}_{1 \times 0 \times 2}^{1 \times 1 \times 3}\left(k+2; -\frac{\mu}{2}; -n, n+1, 1 - \frac{\mu}{2}; -z, -\frac{z}{2}\right) +$$

$$\Gamma\left(1 - \frac{\mu}{2}\right) z^{-\alpha} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \left(-\frac{\mu}{2}\right)_k (-z)^k \tilde{F}_{2 \times 1 \times 1}^{3 \times 1 \times 1}\left(-n, n+1, 1 - \frac{\mu}{2}; 1; k+1; \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{z}{2}\right)$$

## Integration

### Indefinite integration

Involving only one direct function

05.07.21.0001.01

$$\int P_n^\mu(z) dz = 2 \sum_{k=0}^n \frac{(-n)_k (n+1)_k}{\Gamma(k - \mu + 1) k!} B_{\frac{z+1}{2}}\left(\frac{\mu+2}{2}, k - \frac{\mu}{2} + 1\right)$$

### Definite integration

**Involving the direct function**

05.07.21.0004.01

$$\int_0^1 P_n^m(x) dx = \frac{(-1)^m \pi (m+n)! 2^{-2m-1}}{\Gamma\left(\frac{m+1}{2}\right) \Gamma\left(\frac{m+3}{2}\right) (n-m)!} {}_3F_2\left(\frac{1}{2} (m+n+1), \frac{m-n}{2}, \frac{m}{2} + 1; m+1, \frac{m+3}{2}; 1\right); n \in \mathbb{N} \wedge m \in \mathbb{N}$$

05.07.21.0005.01

$$\int_0^1 P_n^m(x) dx = \frac{(-1)^m 2^{-2m-1} \sqrt{\pi} m! (m+n)! \Gamma\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2} (-m+n+1)\right)}{(n-m)! \frac{m+n}{2}! \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2}\right) \Gamma\left(\frac{m+1}{2}\right) \Gamma\left(\frac{n+3}{2}\right)}; n \in \mathbb{N} \wedge m \in \mathbb{N}$$

05.07.21.0006.01

$$\int_{-1}^1 P_n^m(x) dx = \frac{(-1)^n + (-1)^m}{\Gamma\left(\frac{n+3}{2}\right) \frac{n-m}{2}!} 2^{m-2} m \Gamma\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2} (m+n+1)\right); n \in \mathbb{N} \wedge m \in \mathbb{N}$$

05.07.21.0002.01

$$\int_{-1}^1 P_n^m(t)^2 dt = \frac{2(m+n)!}{(2n+1)(n-m)!}; m \in \mathbb{N} \wedge m \leq n$$

Orthogonality:

05.07.21.0003.01

$$\int_{-1}^1 P_n^m(t) P_l^m(t) dt = \frac{2(m+n)! \delta_{n,l}}{(2n+1)(n-m)!}; l \in \mathbb{N} \wedge m \in \mathbb{N}$$

05.07.21.0007.01

$$\int_{-1}^1 P_n^m(t) dt = \frac{((-1)^m + (-1)^n) 2^{m-2} m \Gamma\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2} (m+n+1)\right)}{\frac{n-m}{2}! \Gamma\left(\frac{n+3}{2}\right)}; m \in \mathbb{Z}$$

05.07.21.0008.01

$$\int_0^\infty P_n^m\left(\frac{1-x}{1+x}\right) \frac{J_m(y\sqrt{x})}{(1+x)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(-1)^n (2y)^m e^{-y}}{n + \frac{1}{2}} L_{n-m}^{2m}(2y); n \in \mathbb{N} \wedge m \in \mathbb{N} \wedge y \in \mathbb{R} \wedge y \geq 0$$

05.07.21.0009.01

$$\int_{-1}^1 \frac{P_n^m(t)^2}{(1-t^2)^{p+1}} dt = \frac{(m-p-1)!}{2^{m+p} (2m-2p-1)!!} \left(\frac{(m+n)!}{(n-m)! m!}\right)^2 {}_4F_3\left(m-n, m+n+1, m + \frac{1}{2}, m-p; 2m+1, m+1, m-p + \frac{1}{2}; 1\right);$$

$n \in \mathbb{N} \wedge m \in \mathbb{N} \wedge p \in \mathbb{N} \wedge p+1 \leq m \leq n$

05.07.21.0010.01

$$\int_0^\infty \frac{P_n^m\left(\frac{1-x}{x+1}\right) J_m(y\sqrt{x})}{(x+1)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(-1)^n}{n + 1/2} (2y)^m e^{-y} L_{n-m}^{2m}(2y); n \in \mathbb{N} \wedge m \in \mathbb{N} \wedge 0 \leq m \leq n \wedge y \in \mathbb{R} \wedge y \geq 0$$

**Summation**

**Finite summation**

05.07.23.0001.01

$$\sum_{m=-n}^n (-1)^m P_n^m(z) P_n^{-m}(z) = 1$$

05.07.23.0002.01

$$\sum_{m=-n}^n \frac{(n-m)! \cos(m(\phi - \phi_1))}{(m+n)!} P_n^m(\cos(\theta)) P_n^m(\cos(\theta_1)) = P_n(\cos(\theta) \cos(\theta_1) + \cos(\phi - \phi_1) \sin(\theta) \sin(\theta_1)) /;$$

$$0 < \theta < \frac{\pi}{2} \bigwedge 0 < \theta_1 < \frac{\pi}{2} \bigwedge 0 < \phi < \frac{\pi}{2} \bigwedge 0 < \phi_1 < \frac{\pi}{2}$$

## Operations

### Limit operation

05.07.25.0001.01

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} n^{-\mu} P_n^\mu\left(\cos\left(\frac{z}{n}\right)\right) = J_{-\mu}(z)$$

## Representations through more general functions

### Through hypergeometric functions

#### Involving ${}_2\tilde{F}_1$

05.07.26.0001.01

$$P_n^\mu(z) = \frac{(1+z)^{\mu/2}}{(1-z)^{\mu/2}} {}_2\tilde{F}_1\left(-n, n+1; 1-\mu; \frac{1-z}{2}\right)$$

05.07.26.0003.01

$$P_n^m(z) = \frac{(1+z)^{m/2}}{(1-z)^{m/2}} 2^{-m} (-n)_m (n+1)_m {}_2\tilde{F}_1\left(m-n, m+n+1; m+1; \frac{1-z}{2}\right) /; m \in \mathbb{N}^+$$

05.07.26.0024.01

$$P_n^\mu(z) = -\frac{\pi(z+1)^{\mu/2}}{(1-z)^{\mu/2} \sin(\pi\mu) \Gamma(-\mu-n) \Gamma(n-\mu+1)} {}_2\tilde{F}_1\left(-n, n+1; \mu+1; \frac{z+1}{2}\right) /; \mu \notin \mathbb{Z}$$

05.07.26.0004.01

$$P_n^\mu(z) = 2^{-n} \frac{(1+z)^{\mu/2+n}}{(1-z)^{\mu/2}} {}_2\tilde{F}_1\left(-n, -\mu-n; 1-\mu; \frac{z-1}{z+1}\right)$$

05.07.26.0025.01

$$P_n^\mu(z) = 2^\mu \pi (1-z^2)^{-\frac{\mu}{2}} \left( \frac{1}{\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}(-\mu-n+1)\right) \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}(-\mu+n+2)\right)} {}_2\tilde{F}_1\left(\frac{1}{2}(-\mu+n+1), -\frac{1}{2}(\mu+n); \frac{1}{2}; z^2\right) - \frac{z}{\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}(-\mu-n)\right) \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}(-\mu+n+1)\right)} {}_2\tilde{F}_1\left(\frac{1}{2}(-\mu-n+1), \frac{1}{2}(-\mu+n+2); \frac{3}{2}; z^2\right) \right)$$

05.07.26.0026.01

$$P_n^\mu(z) = -\frac{2^{-n-3} (-1)^n (\cos(2\pi\mu) - 1)}{\sqrt{\pi}} (1-z^2)^{-\frac{\mu}{2}}$$

$$\left( \frac{\Gamma(\mu+n+1)}{z} (-z^2)^{-\frac{\mu-n}{2}} \left( \csc\left(\frac{1}{2}\pi(\mu-n)\right) - \frac{\sqrt{-z^2}}{z} \sec\left(\frac{1}{2}\pi(\mu-n)\right) \right) {}_2\tilde{F}_1\left(\frac{1}{2}(-\mu+n+1), \frac{1}{2}(-\mu+n+2); n + \frac{3}{2}; \frac{1}{z^2}\right) + \right.$$

$$2^{2n+1} \Gamma(\mu-n) \left( \csc\left(\frac{1}{2}\pi(\mu+n)\right) - \frac{\sqrt{-z^2}}{z} \sec\left(\frac{1}{2}\pi(\mu+n)\right) \right)$$

$$\left. (-z^2)^{\frac{\mu+n}{2}} {}_2\tilde{F}_1\left(\frac{1}{2}(-\mu-n), \frac{1}{2}(-\mu-n+1); \frac{1}{2}-n; \frac{1}{z^2}\right) \right); z \notin (-1, 0)$$

**Involving  ${}_2F_1$**

05.07.26.0005.01

$$P_n^\mu(z) = \frac{1}{\Gamma(1-\mu)} \frac{(1+z)^{\mu/2}}{(1-z)^{\mu/2}} {}_2F_1\left(-n, n+1; 1-\mu; \frac{1-z}{2}\right); \mu \notin \mathbb{N}^+$$

05.07.26.0006.01

$$P_n^\mu(z) = \frac{\Gamma(-\mu)}{\Gamma(-\mu-n)\Gamma(n-\mu+1)} \frac{(1+z)^{\mu/2}}{(1-z)^{\mu/2}} {}_2F_1\left(-n, n+1; \mu+1; \frac{z+1}{2}\right); \mu \notin \mathbb{Z}$$

05.07.26.0027.01

$$P_n^\mu(z) = \frac{2^{-n} (z+1)^{\frac{\mu}{2}+n}}{\Gamma(\mu)(1-z)^{\mu/2}} {}_2F_1\left(-n, -\mu-n; 1-\mu; \frac{z-1}{z+1}\right); \mu \notin \mathbb{Z}$$

05.07.26.0028.01

$$P_n^\mu(z) = \frac{2^{-n} (-1)^n (2n)!}{n! \Gamma(n-\mu+1)} (1-z)^{n-\frac{\mu}{2}} (z+1)^{\mu/2} {}_2F_1\left(-n, \mu-n; -2n; \frac{2}{1-z}\right)$$

05.07.26.0029.01

$$P_n^\mu(z) = 2^\mu \sqrt{\pi} (1-z^2)^{-\frac{\mu}{2}} \left( \frac{1}{\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}(-\mu-n+1)\right)\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}(-\mu+n+2)\right)} {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}(-\mu+n+1), -\frac{1}{2}(\mu+n); \frac{1}{2}; z^2\right) - \right.$$

$$\left. \frac{2z}{\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}(-\mu-n)\right)\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}(-\mu+n+1)\right)} {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}(-\mu-n+1), \frac{1}{2}(-\mu+n+2); \frac{3}{2}; z^2\right) \right)$$

05.07.26.0030.01

$$P_n^\mu(z) = \frac{2^{-n-2} (\cos(2\pi\mu) - 1)}{\pi \sqrt{\pi}} (1-z^2)^{-\frac{\mu}{2}} \left( \frac{\Gamma(\mu+n+1)\Gamma(\frac{1}{2}-n)}{z(2n+1)} \left( \frac{\sqrt{-z^2}}{z} \sec\left(\frac{1}{2}\pi(\mu-n)\right) - \csc\left(\frac{1}{2}\pi(\mu-n)\right) \right) \right. \\ \left. (-z^2)^{\frac{\mu-n}{2}} {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}(-\mu+n+1), \frac{1}{2}(-\mu+n+2); n+\frac{3}{2}; \frac{1}{z^2}\right) + 2^{2n} \Gamma(\mu-n)\Gamma\left(n+\frac{1}{2}\right) \right. \\ \left. \left( \frac{\sqrt{-z^2} \sec\left(\frac{1}{2}\pi(\mu+n)\right)}{z} - \csc\left(\frac{1}{2}\pi(\mu+n)\right) \right) (-z^2)^{\frac{\mu+n}{2}} {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}(-\mu-n), \frac{1}{2}(-\mu-n+1); \frac{1}{2}-\nu; \frac{1}{z^2}\right) \right) /; z \notin (-1, 0)$$

## Through Meijer G

### Classical cases for the direct function itself

05.07.26.0007.01

$$P_n^\mu(z) = -\frac{1}{\pi} \frac{(1+z)^{\mu/2}}{(1-z)^{\mu/2}} \lim_{\nu \rightarrow n} \sin(\pi\nu) G_{2,2}^{1,2} \left( \frac{z-1}{2} \middle| \begin{matrix} \nu+1, -\nu \\ 0, \mu \end{matrix} \right) /; n \in \mathbb{Z}$$

### Classical cases involving algebraic functions

05.07.26.0008.01

$$(z+1)^n P_n^\mu \left( \frac{1-z}{1+z} \right) = \frac{1}{\Gamma(-\mu-n)\Gamma(-n)} G_{2,2}^{1,2} \left( z \middle| \begin{matrix} 1-\frac{\mu}{2}+n, \frac{\mu}{2}+n+1 \\ -\frac{\mu}{2}, \frac{\mu}{2} \end{matrix} \right)$$

05.07.26.0009.01

$$(z+1)^n P_n^\mu \left( \frac{z-1}{z+1} \right) = \frac{1}{\Gamma(-\mu-n)\Gamma(-n)} G_{2,2}^{2,1} \left( z \middle| \begin{matrix} \frac{\mu}{2}+n+1, 1-\frac{\mu}{2}+n \\ \frac{\mu}{2}, -\frac{\mu}{2} \end{matrix} \right)$$

05.07.26.0010.01

$$(z+1)^{n/2} P_n^\mu \left( \frac{1}{\sqrt{z+1}} \right) = \frac{2^{-n-1}}{\sqrt{\pi} \Gamma(-\mu-n)} G_{2,2}^{1,2} \left( z \middle| \begin{matrix} \frac{n+1}{2}, \frac{n}{2}+1 \\ -\frac{\mu}{2}, \frac{\mu}{2} \end{matrix} \right)$$

05.07.26.0011.01

$$(z+1)^{n/2} P_n^\mu \left( \sqrt{\frac{z}{z+1}} \right) = \frac{2^{-n-1}}{\sqrt{\pi} \Gamma(-\mu-n)} G_{2,2}^{2,1} \left( z \middle| \begin{matrix} \frac{\mu+n}{2}+1, \frac{n-\mu}{2}+1 \\ 0, \frac{1}{2} \end{matrix} \right) /; z \notin (-\infty, 0)$$

### Classical cases involving unit step $\theta$

05.07.26.0012.01

$$\theta(1-|z|) (1-z)^{-\frac{\mu}{2}} P_n^\mu(2z-1) = G_{2,2}^{2,0} \left( z \middle| \begin{matrix} -\frac{\mu}{2}-n, 1-\frac{\mu}{2}+n \\ -\frac{\mu}{2}, \frac{\mu}{2} \end{matrix} \right) /; z \notin (-1, 0)$$

05.07.26.0013.01

$$\theta(|z|-1) (z-1)^{-\frac{\mu}{2}} P_n^\mu \left( \frac{2}{z} - 1 \right) = G_{2,2}^{0,2} \left( z \middle| \begin{matrix} 1, 1-\mu \\ -n, n+1 \end{matrix} \right) /; z \notin (-\infty, -1)$$

05.07.26.0014.01

$$\theta(1 - |z|) (1 - z)^{-\frac{\mu}{2}} P_n^\mu(\sqrt{z}) = 2^\mu G_{2,2}^{2,0} \left( z \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{n-\mu}{2} + 1, \frac{1-\mu-n}{2} \\ 0, \frac{1}{2} \end{matrix} \right. \right); z \notin (-1, 0)$$

05.07.26.0015.01

$$\theta(|z| - 1) (z - 1)^{-\frac{\mu}{2}} P_n^\mu \left( \frac{1}{\sqrt{z}} \right) = 2^\mu G_{2,2}^{0,2} \left( z \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{1-\mu}{2}, 1 - \frac{\mu}{2} \\ -\frac{n}{2}, \frac{n+1}{2} \end{matrix} \right. \right)$$

05.07.26.0016.01

$$\frac{\theta(1 - |z|)}{\sqrt{1 - z}} \left( P_n^\mu(-\sqrt{1 - z}) + P_n^\mu(\sqrt{1 - z}) \right) = \frac{2^{\mu+1} \pi}{\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}(1 - \mu - n)\right) \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}(2 - \mu + n)\right)} G_{2,2}^{2,0} \left( z \left| \begin{matrix} -\frac{n}{2}, \frac{n+1}{2} \\ -\frac{\mu}{2}, \frac{\mu}{2} \end{matrix} \right. \right); z \notin (-1, 0)$$

05.07.26.0017.01

$$\frac{\theta(|z| - 1)}{\sqrt{z - 1}} \left( P_n^\mu \left( -\sqrt{\frac{z - 1}{z}} \right) + P_n^\mu \left( \sqrt{\frac{z - 1}{z}} \right) \right) = \frac{2^{\mu+1} \pi}{\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}(-\mu - n + 1)\right) \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}(-\mu + n + 2)\right)} G_{2,2}^{0,2} \left( z \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{1-\mu}{2}, \frac{\mu+1}{2} \\ -\frac{n}{2}, \frac{n+1}{2} \end{matrix} \right. \right); z \notin (-\infty, -1)$$

**Generalized cases involving algebraic functions**

05.07.26.0018.01

$$(z^2 + 1)^{n/2} P_n^\mu \left( \frac{z}{\sqrt{z^2 + 1}} \right) = \frac{2^{-n-1}}{\sqrt{\pi} \Gamma(-\mu - n)} G_{2,2}^{2,1} \left( z, \frac{1}{2} \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{\mu+n}{2} + 1, \frac{n-\mu}{2} + 1 \\ 0, \frac{1}{2} \end{matrix} \right. \right); \operatorname{Re}(z) > 0$$

**Generalized cases involving unit step  $\theta$**

05.07.26.0019.01

$$\theta(1 - |z|) (1 - z^2)^{-\frac{\mu}{2}} P_n^\mu(z) = 2^\mu G_{2,2}^{2,0} \left( z, \frac{1}{2} \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{n-\mu}{2} + 1, \frac{1-\mu-n}{2} \\ 0, \frac{1}{2} \end{matrix} \right. \right)$$

05.07.26.0020.01

$$\theta(|z| - 1) (z^2 - 1)^{\frac{\mu}{2}} P_n^\mu \left( \frac{1}{z} \right) = 2^\mu G_{2,2}^{0,2} \left( z, \frac{1}{2} \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{1-\mu}{2}, 1 - \frac{\mu}{2} \\ -\frac{n}{2}, \frac{n+1}{2} \end{matrix} \right. \right); |z| < 0 \vee \operatorname{Re}(z) > 0$$

05.07.26.0021.01

$$\frac{\theta(|z| - 1)}{\sqrt{z^2 - 1}} \left( P_n^\mu \left( \frac{\sqrt{z^2 - 1}}{z} \right) + P_n^\mu \left( -\frac{\sqrt{z^2 - 1}}{z} \right) \right) = \frac{2^{\mu+1} \pi}{\Gamma\left(\frac{1-\mu-n}{2}\right) \Gamma\left(\frac{n-\mu}{2} + 1\right)} G_{2,2}^{0,2} \left( z, \frac{1}{2} \left| \begin{matrix} \frac{1-\mu}{2}, \frac{\mu+1}{2} \\ -\frac{n}{2}, \frac{n+1}{2} \end{matrix} \right. \right); |z| < 0 \vee \operatorname{Re}(z) > 0$$

**Generalized cases involving  $\operatorname{sgn}$**

05.07.26.0022.01

$$\frac{(\operatorname{sgn}(|z| - 1) (z^2 - 1))^{n+\frac{1}{2}}}{\sqrt{z + 1}} P_n^{-n-\frac{1}{2}} \left( \frac{2\sqrt{z}}{z + 1} \right) = -\frac{\Gamma(n + 1)}{2^{n+\frac{1}{2}} \sqrt{\pi}} \left( \cos\left(\pi\left(n + \frac{1}{4}\right)\right) G_{2,2}^{1,1} \left( z, \frac{1}{2} \left| \begin{matrix} n + 1, n + \frac{5}{4} \\ \frac{1}{4}, 0 \end{matrix} \right. \right) + \sin\left(\pi\left(n + \frac{1}{4}\right)\right) G_{2,2}^{1,1} \left( z, \frac{1}{2} \left| \begin{matrix} n + \frac{5}{4}, n + 1 \\ 0, \frac{1}{4} \end{matrix} \right. \right) \right); \operatorname{Re}(z) > 0$$

**Through other functions**

### Involving some hypergeometric-type functions

05.07.26.0023.01

$$P_n^\mu(z) = \frac{\Gamma(n+1)}{\Gamma(n-\mu+1)} \frac{(1+z)^{\mu/2}}{(1-z)^{\mu/2}} P_n^{(-\mu,\mu)}(z)$$

### Involving spheroidal functions

05.07.26.0031.01

$$P_n^\mu(z) = PS_{n,\mu}(0, z)$$

## Representations through equivalent functions

### With related functions

#### Involving Gegenbauer functions

05.07.27.0001.01

$$P_n^\mu(z) = \frac{2^{-\mu} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2} - \mu\right) \Gamma(\mu + n + 1)}{\sqrt{\pi} \Gamma(1 - \mu + n)} (1 - z^2)^{-\mu/2} C_{\mu+n}^{\frac{1}{2}-\mu}(z)$$

#### Involving Legendre functions

05.07.27.0002.01

$$P_n^\mu(z) = \frac{(z-1)^{\mu/2}}{(1-z)^{\mu/2}} \mathbf{P}_n^\mu(z)$$

05.07.27.0003.01

$$P_n^\mu(z) = -\frac{2 \csc(\mu \pi)}{\pi} (\cos(\mu \pi) Q_n^\mu(z) - (n - \mu + 1) {}_{2\mu} Q_n^{-\mu}(z)) /; \mu \notin \mathbb{Z}$$

05.07.27.0004.01

$$P_n^\mu(z) = \frac{\csc(\pi \mu)}{\pi^2} (\sin(2\pi \mu) \Gamma(\mu - n) \Gamma(\mu + n + 1) Q_n^{-\mu}(-z) - (-1)^n 2\pi Q_n^\mu(-z)) /; \mu \notin \mathbb{Z}$$

05.07.27.0005.01

$$P_n^\mu(x) = e^{\frac{\pi i \mu}{2}} \lim_{z \rightarrow x+i0} \mathbf{P}_n^\mu(z) /; x < -1$$

05.07.27.0006.01

$$P_n^\mu(x) = e^{-\frac{\pi i \mu}{2}} \lim_{z \rightarrow x+i0} \mathbf{P}_n^\mu(z) /; x > 1$$

05.07.27.0007.01

$$P_n^\mu(x) = e^{\frac{\pi i \mu}{2}} \mathbf{P}_n^\mu(x) /; x < -1$$

05.07.27.0008.01

$$P_n^\mu(x) = e^{-\frac{\pi i \mu}{2}} \mathbf{P}_n^\mu(x) /; x > 1$$

05.07.27.0009.01

$$P_n^\mu(x) = e^{-\frac{\pi i \mu}{2}} \lim_{z \rightarrow x-i0} \mathbf{P}_n^\mu(z) /; -1 < x < 1$$

05.07.27.0010.01

$$P_n^\mu(x) = e^{\frac{\pi i \mu}{2}} P_n^\mu(x) /; -1 < x < 1$$

05.07.27.0011.01

$$P_n^\mu(x) = \frac{1}{\pi i} e^{-\pi i \mu} \left( e^{\frac{\pi i \mu}{2}} \lim_{z \rightarrow x - i0} Q_n^\mu(z) - e^{-\frac{\pi i \mu}{2}} \lim_{z \rightarrow x + i0} Q_n^\mu(z) \right) /; -1 < x < 1$$

**Involving spherical harmonic functions**

05.07.27.0012.01

$$P_n^\mu(z) = \frac{2 \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{\Gamma(\mu + n + 1)}}{\sqrt{2n + 1} \sqrt{\Gamma(1 - \mu + n)}} Y_n^\mu(\cos^{-1}(z), 0)$$

**Theorems**

**One infinite sum**

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (2n + 1) i^n \sum_{m=0}^n (2 - \delta_m) \frac{(n - m)!}{(n + m)!} \cos(\varphi - \alpha) P_n^m(\cos(\beta)) P_n^m(\cos(\vartheta)) J_{n+\frac{1}{2}}(|\mathbf{k}| |\mathbf{r}|) = e^{i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{r}} /;$$

$$r = |\mathbf{r}| \{ \cos(\varphi) \sin(\vartheta), \sin(\varphi) \sin(\vartheta), \cos(\vartheta) \} \wedge \mathbf{k} = |\mathbf{k}| \{ \cos(\alpha) \sin(\beta), \sin(\alpha) \sin(\beta), \cos(\beta) \}$$

**Eigenfunctions of the Schrödinger equation**

Legendre functions  $P_n^m$  are eigenfunctions of the Schrödinger equation with reflectionless, shape invariant, supersymmetric potential:  $-\frac{\partial^2 \psi(x)}{\partial x^2} - (n(n + 1) \operatorname{sech}^2(x)) \psi(x) = -m^2 \psi(x)$ .

**The solution of Dirichlet problem for Laplace equation in spherical coordinates**

The solution of the Dirichlet problem  $\psi(1, \phi, \vartheta) = \psi_0(\phi, \vartheta)$  for the  $\Delta\psi(\phi, \vartheta) = 0$  on unit sphere in spherical coordinates is given by:

$$\psi(r, \phi, \vartheta) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \sum_{m=0}^n \frac{2n + 1}{2\pi(1 + \delta_m)} \frac{(n - m)!}{(n + m)!} r^n P_n^m(\cos(\vartheta)) \int_0^\pi \left( \int_{-\pi}^\pi \psi_0(\tilde{\phi}, \tilde{\vartheta}) \cos(m(\phi - \tilde{\phi})) d\tilde{\phi} \right) P_n^m(\cos(\tilde{\vartheta})) \sin(\tilde{\vartheta}) d\tilde{\vartheta}$$

**History**

- D. Bernoulli (1748)
- A. M. Legendre (1782)
- E. Heine (1842)
- F. Neumann (1848)
- L. Schläfli (1881) used complex  $\mu, \nu$
- E. Hobson (1896)

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